Legislative Audit Division



State of Montana

Report to the Legislature

December 1997

Financial-Compliance Audit
For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1997

Department of Justice

This report contains recommendations regarding:

- Depositing video gambling tax timely in accordance with state law.
- Recording donated assets at the Montana Law Enforcement Academy.
- Improper abatements.

This report also contains three disclosure issues relating to agency legal services charges which do not meet costs, highway patrol overtime, and increasing fund balances in the highway patrol retirement special revenue account.

Direct comments/inquiries to: Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDITS

Financial-compliance audits are conducted by the Legislative Audit Division to determine if an agency's financial operations are properly conducted, the financial reports are presented fairly, and the agency has complied with applicable laws and regulations. In performing the audit work, the audit staff uses standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the United States General Accounting Office. Financial-compliance audit staff members hold degrees with an emphasis in accounting. Most staff members hold Certified Public Accountant (CPA) certificates.

Government Auditing Standards, the Single Audit Act of 1984 and OMB Circular A-128 require the auditor to issue certain financial, internal control, and compliance reports. This individual agency audit report is not intended to comply with these reporting requirements and is therefore not intended for distribution to federal grantor agencies. The Legislative Audit Division issues a statewide biennial Single Audit Report which complies with the above reporting requirements. The Single Audit Report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995 has been issued. Copies of the Single Audit Report can be obtained by contacting:

Single Audit Coordinator Office of Budget and Program Planning State Capitol Helena MT 59620 Phone (406) 444-3616 Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

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Deputy Legislative Auditors: Jim Pellegrini, Performance Audit James Gillett, Financial-Compliance Audit

December 1997

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

This is our financial-compliance audit report on the Department of Justice for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1997. Included in this report are recommendations addressing timely deposits of video gambling taxes, recording of donated assets, improper abatements, and failure to adopt administrative rules. The department's written response to the audit recommendations is included at the end of the audit report. We thank the Attorney General and the department staff for their cooperation and assistance during the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

"Signature on File"

James Gillett, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

Legislative Audit Division

Financial-Compliance Audit
For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1997

Department of Justice

Members of the audit staff involved in this audit were Pete Brustkern, Charles Nemec, Wayne D. Guazzo, and Cindy S. Jorgenson.

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Appointed and Administrative Officials

Department of Justice

Joseph P. Mazurek, Attorney General

Beth Baker, Chief Deputy Attorney General

Dennis M. Taylor, Deputy Director/Chief of Staff (resigned

effective October 17, 1997)

Larry Fasbender, Deputy Director/Chief of Staff

Division Administrators

JanDee May, Central Services Gene Kiser, Crime Control

Art Pembroke, Computer Services and Planning

Bill Unger, Forensic Science

Colonel Craig Reap, Highway Patrol Mike Batista, Law Enforcement Services

Dean Roberts, Motor Vehicle

Greg Noose, Law Enforcement Academy

Jim Oppedahl, Gambling Control

Montana Board of Crime Control

		Term
		Expires
	<u>Representation</u>	January 1
Gary Buchanan, Chairman	Citizen at Large	1999
Craig J. Anderson	Youth Court Probation	1999
Donald Bjertness	Citizen at Large	2001
Fred A. Brown	Local Government Executive	1999
Sylvia Bookout-Reinicke	House of Representatives	2001
Rick Day	Corrections	2001
John T. Flynn	County Attorney	2001
Sherry Matteucci	U.S. Attorney	1999
Joseph Mazurek	Attorney General	2001
Jani McCall	MCP CMG Health	1999
Dorothy B. McCarter	District Court	2001
Debbie Shea	Senate	1999
Mike Shortell	Police Chief	2001
Bill Slaughter	Sheriff	2001
Janet Stevens	Local GovCity Admin.	1999
Ken Stuker	School Principal	2001
Jean Turnage	Supreme Court	2001
Elaine Allstead	County Commissioner	2001

Department of Justice

This financial-compliance audit report contains the results of the audit for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1997. We issued an unqualified opinion on the financial schedules contained in this report. This means the reader can rely on the presented financial information and supporting information on the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System.

The report contains four recommendations and three disclosure issues. Issues addressed in the recommendations include: timely deposits of video gambling taxes, recording donated assets, improper abatements, and failure to adopt rules. The disclosure issues involve Internal Service Fund fees not commensurate with costs, the Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement System, and Highway Patrol contracts and overtime paid.

The first issue in the report concerns the deposit of video gambling tax. The department is not depositing the tax in a timely manner as required by section 17-6-105 (6), MCA, which caused \$56,272 of lost interest to the state during our audit period.

The second issue in the report relates to recording donated assets at the Montana Law Enforcement Academy (MLEA). The MLEA has a foundation which raises funds for the academy. We noted five checks amounting to \$3,225 payable to the academy, but deposited in the foundation account.

The third issue relates to improper abatement of expenditures. In 1996, Montana Rail Link had a derailment at Alberton which resulted in the need for Highway Patrol services. The Highway Patrol was later reimbursed by Montana Rail Link for the expenditures it incurred. The department incorrectly abated the expenditures.

The final issue relates to noncompliance with state law which requires the department adopt rules to implement mail re-registration and decal application for vehicle licensing. The Motor Vehicle division has not promulgated these rules.

Report Summary

The first disclosure issue discusses fees for the Internal Service Fund. We found Agency Legal Services Bureau is not charging fees commensurate with costs as required by law. The bureau is charging less than the actual costs of operating the division.

The second disclosure issue relates to highway patrol contracts with private parties to provide law enforcement services and payment of overtime. The highway patrol contracts to provide law enforcement services at location sites for motion picture filming, filming of commercials, and other public events sponsored by private promotors. The patrol also contracts with the Department of Transportation (DOT) to provide additional patrols on construction sites. The private promotors and DOT are responsible for paying the cost of the officers, including hours at time and a half. The officers are allowed to take time off their regular shift to work these contracts for overtime wages.

The third disclosure issue relates to an increasing fund balance in the Special Revenue Fund for the Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement System. The increase is due largely to the increased fees for eight year driver's licenses.

Report Summary

The listing below serves as a means of summarizing the recommendations contained in the report, the department's response thereto, and a reference to the supporting comments.

Recommendation #1	We recommend the department implement additional procedures to ensure timely deposits of video gambling taxes in accordance with state law	8
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-3.	
Recommendation #2	We recommend the department establish procedures to properly record donations to the Montana Law Enforcement Academy on the state's accounting records	g
Recommendation #3	We recommend the department record revenue on its financial records when it receives reimbursement for Highway Patrol costs as required by state accounting policy	ę
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-4.	
Recommendation #4	We recommend the department adopt rules for mail-in vehicle re-registration and decal application as required by law or seek legislation to amend the law	10
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-4.	

Introduction

Introduction

We performed a financial-compliance audit of the Department of Justice (department) for fiscal years 1995-96 and 1996-97. The objectives of the audit were to:

- 1. Determine if the department complied with applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
- 2. Identify areas for improvement in the internal and management controls of the department.
- 3. Determine if the department's financial schedules present fairly, in accordance with state accounting policy, the results of its operations for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1997.
- 4. Determine implementation status of prior audit recommendations.

In accordance with section 5-13-307, MCA, we analyzed and disclosed the costs, if significant, of implementing the recommendations made in this report.

Other areas of concern deemed not to have a significant effect on the successful operations of the department are not specifically included in this report, but have been discussed with management.

Background

The department was created on September 1, 1972, through the Executive Reorganization Act of 1971. The Attorney General, who is elected to serve a four-year term, heads the department. The department's primary functions are to provide effective statewide law enforcement, legal services, and public safety.

In the same Executive Reorganization Act that created the Department of Justice, the Board of Crime Control (board) was attached to the department for administrative purposes. The board is composed of 18 members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The staff hired by the board operates as and is presented in the financial schedules as the Justice System Support Service program.

The department and the board were budgeted approximately 678 and 20, respectively, full-time positions in the 1996-97 biennium. Expenditures were approximately \$62.7 million for the department and \$7.3 million for the board in fiscal year 1995-96. In fiscal year 1996-97 the department spent \$64.3 million, and the board spent \$7.7 million. The department's divisions are described below.

<u>Legal Services</u> - provides legal research and analysis for the Attorney General; legal counsel for state government and state officials, bureaus, and boards; legal assistance to local governments; legal assistance, training, and support for county prosecutors; and legal advice and support for all state agencies. Included in this division is the Natural Resource Damage Litigation Program which was created for the purpose of conducting litigation over claims arising from damages to natural resources in the Clark Fork River Basin between Butte and Milltown.

<u>Gambling Control</u> - licenses and regulates gambling activities, and enforces gambling laws in the state of Montana. The division collects license fees, collects and distributes gambling taxes, and investigates functions relating to alcoholic beverage licensing and tobacco enforcement.

<u>Motor Vehicle</u> - provides for vehicle registration and driver licensing. This division includes the Title and Registration Bureau in Deer Lodge.

<u>Highway Patrol</u> - patrols the highways and is responsible for accident investigation, motorist assistance, auto theft investigation, vehicle inspection, and enforcement of commercial vehicle regulations and general traffic laws.

<u>Law Enforcement Services</u> - assists law enforcement agencies and promotes enforcement cooperation between federal, state, county, and city agencies through its investigative work.

<u>Law Enforcement Academy</u> - provides a professional education and training program in criminal justice for Montana law enforcement officers and other criminal justice personnel. The academy funds some classes through contracts between the vendors and students. The revenue and expenditures for contracted classes were \$20,660 in fiscal year 1996-97.

<u>Central Services</u> - provides centralized accounting, administrative, budgetary, personnel, payroll, and fiscal support for the department.

The division also oversees the County Attorney Payroll program and the Extradition and Transportation of Prisoners program.

<u>Computer Services and Planning</u> - provides the department with automated data processing and law enforcement telecommunication capabilities.

<u>Forensic Science</u> - performs scientific analyses of evidence submitted by law enforcement officials, coroners, and state agencies; promotes forensic science training and scientific criminal investigations in the state and manages a statewide system of death investigations.

<u>Board of Crime Control</u> - prepares and implements an annual plan for strengthening Montana's criminal and juvenile justice systems. The board provides support services to criminal justice agencies such as peace officer certification, data collection, and research. The board is also responsible for the administration of various state and federal programs to help reduce crime and compensate its victims.

Prior Audit Recommendations

Prior Audit Recommendations

Our office performed the department's financial-compliance audit for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995. The report contained four recommendations still applicable to the department. In its response to our prior audit, the department concurred with all of the recommendations. We determined the department implemented three recommendations and did not implement one as discussed on page 7.

Findings and Recommendations

Timely Deposits

The Gambling Control Division (division) collects video gambling machine taxes quarterly. Section 23-5-610, MCA, states the department will collect from all operators a video gambling tax of 15 percent of the gross income from each gambling machine. The tax along with the quarterly report is due within 15 days of the end of the quarter. The department receives approximately 1,650 operator reports and tax payments each quarter. According to division personnel the majority of the taxes and reports are received on the 15th day following the end of the quarter.

When the taxes are collected the restrictively endorsed checks are given to the division's compliance specialists for processing. The specialists record the checks in a master collection report, and put additional information on a detailed collection report. The detailed collection report identifies revenue by gambling machine. The compliance specialists use the information on the checks to test for potential undisclosed ownership. Due to the volume of taxes and reports received on the 15th day, agency personnel were unable to make all deposits within one day as required by law.

Section 17-6-105 (6), MCA, states, "all money, credits, evidences of indebtedness, and securities received by a state agency or institution must be deposited . . . each day when the . . . total collections exceeded \$500. . . " The department collected \$33,380,376 and \$32,279,233 in video gambling tax in fiscal years 1996-97 and 1995-96, respectively. We estimate the state lost interest of \$22,651 and \$33,621 for fiscal years 1996-97 and 1995-96, respectively.

We reported this issue in the prior audit of the department. The department has made progress towards ensuring deposits are made in accordance with state law by sorting checks and trying to process larger checks first. The department should continue to develop and implement procedures to ensure compliance with state law. Using other personnel resources to help the compliance specialists enter the deposits when the majority of taxes arrive could further reduce the delayed deposits.

Findings and Recommendations

Recommendation #1

We recommend the department implement additional procedures to ensure timely deposits of video gambling taxes in accordance with state law.

Unrecorded Activity

State law requires the department to record all financial activity on the state's accounting records before the end of the fiscal year in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals. In the following report section we discuss where the Montana Law Enforcement Academy (MLEA) did not record financial activity in accordance with state law.

Donations

The MLEA and its related foundation, the Joe May Memorial Fund, each receive donations from outside parties. The foundation is a nonprofit, tax-exempt corporation established to solicit and receive donations to fund various activities at the academy. Gifts to the foundation should be recorded as an asset on the foundation's financial records. Gifts to the academy should be recorded as an asset on the academy's accounting records.

During our audit we reviewed checks deposited in the foundation's account. In our review of the checks we noted five checks were written to the MLEA as the payee. The five checks totaled \$3,225. Since the checks were written to the academy, the money should have been deposited and recorded as an asset of the state rather than an asset of the foundation.

Academy personnel said they believed that since the checks were donations the money should pass through the foundation and were not aware of the requirement to record the academy donations on the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System (SBAS) as academy assets. The MLEA should record all academy donations as state assets.

Recommendation #2

We recommend the department establish procedures to properly record donations to the Montana Law Enforcement Academy on the state's accounting records.

Expenditure Abatements

During the spring of 1996, a Montana Rail Link freight train derailed near Alberton, Montana. The derailment caused local residents to be evacuated and Interstate 90 to be closed. The Montana Highway Patrol responded to the emergency and provided traffic control services. Montana Rail Link paid approximately \$55,000 to compensate the department for the public resources used during the emergency. The department did not record the funds received from Montana Rail Link as revenue. Instead, the funds were used to decrease Highway Patrol expenditures.

State accounting policy allows agencies to cancel or reduce expenditures when the agency is reimbursed by an outside party for non-routine and nonrecurring activities. Department personnel believed this policy applied to the Alberton emergency. However, since public safety and traffic control are the routine missions of the agency, the recovery of Highway Patrol costs during the emergency does not qualify as a proper expenditure abatement.

Recommendation #3

We recommend the department record revenue on its financial records when it receives reimbursement for Highway Patrol costs as required by state accounting policy.

Administrative Rules for Motor Vehicle Registration

The department is required by section 61-3-535, MCA, to adopt rules to implement mail re-registration and decal application for vehicle licensing. The division has not promulgated rules as required by this law. Department administrative personnel said the bureau has never had a need to promulgate rules for this purpose. The operations for mail registration and license decal application are

Findings and Recommendations

straight forward and do not require clarification by the creation of administrative rules.

Recommendation #4

We recommend the department adopt rules for mail-in vehicle reregistration and decal application as required by law or seek legislation to amend the law.

Disclosure Issues

Agency Legal Services Bureau

The department's Agency Legal Services Bureau (ALS) operates as an internal service fund providing legal services for state agencies on a request basis. ALS should recover the costs of providing legal services by charging agencies for legal assistance as required by section 17-8-101(6), MCA.

During the past four years, ALS has routinely billed for and collected less revenue than the costs of its operations. The imbalance of revenues and expenditures has created a negative fund balance which has increased over the four year period to \$157,868. Currently, ALS continues to operate by using cash loans from the Highway Patrol Retirement Fund. Department management is aware of the revenue deficiency, but did not adjust rates due to the following circumstances.

HJR 25 passed by the 1993 session created the Legal Consolidation Interim Study. The 1995 session debated consolidating all state agency legal services within the department. The department did not adjust rates because the consolidation issue was not settled until after the state budget was closed. The department acted during the 1997 session to adjust rates and expects operations to break even by the end of the 1998-99 biennium. Department management believes the negative fund balance should be eliminated by the following biennium. We will continue to monitor this in subsequent audits.

Highway Patrol Contracts and Overtime Earned

The Highway Patrol Division (division) contracts with the Department of Transportation (DOT) to provide enforcement of speed limits at road construction sites. DOT agrees to pay any overtime, benefit, and mileage costs necessary to provide the enforcement.

Division management allows patrol officers to take annual leave or compensatory time off during their regularly scheduled work shift to enforce speed limits at construction sites. This allows the officers to be compensated at two and one-half times (vacation time plus time and a half overtime) their regular salary. According to division personnel, officers must volunteer for contract related work. The officers must also perform the work on overtime so as to not interfere with the performance of their regular duties.

DOT, in effect, is paying the officers' salaries at the overtime rate when the enforcement could be provided during the officers' regular work shift at no additional cost.

During the two pay periods we reviewed, DOT reimbursed the division for 189 officer hours at time and a half. Of these reimbursed hours, 173 hours were worked by officers in addition to their regular work shift. We noted the remaining 16 overtime hours were recorded at the same time the officers involved recorded vacation or compensatory time off.

Division management believe it is acceptable for officers to take leave while at the same time providing services required by the contracts. In order to do so, the officer must obtain supervisory approval for both the leave taken and the overtime worked on the contract. Division management indicated that the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) requires the division to accommodate leave requests whenever possible.

State regulation ARM 2.21.227 (3) directs an agency to refuse to approve annual leave which results in a total of more than 40 hours in a pay status for the workweek. The FLSA directs the employer to schedule employees in a manner that attempts to minimize the number of overtime hours worked. In addition, state policy and the Highway Patrol collective bargaining agreement allows the division to adjust an officer's work schedule or require the officer to take time off without pay so that the officer does not become eligible for the payment of overtime or accrual of nonexempt compensatory time.

In addition to the work performed for DOT, the division contracts with private promoters to provide law enforcement services for public events such as air shows and high visibility events including the filming of movies and commercials. These private companies also reimburse the division for the overtime, benefits, and mileage costs incurred as a result of the work performed. For the same two pay periods reviewed, Highway Patrol officers recorded 423 overtime hours on contracts with private promotors and local

governments. Of these, 313 hours were worked by officers in addition to their regular work shift. The remaining 110 overtime hours were offset by vacation or compensatory time off.

We are disclosing this information because division management has chosen to allow officers to work for the department at overtime rates while they are on vacation or compensatory time off. The division had the discretion to require the officers to record the 126 hours (110 and 16) as regular time worked rather than as overtime hours. We do not make a recommendation at this time.

Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement System

Section 19-6-301, MCA, requires all members of the Montana Highway Patrol to belong to the Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement System (HPORS). The retirement system is funded by a combination of employer and employee contributions. The department is the sole employer contributing to the HPORS.

During fiscal years 1995-96 and 1996-97, the state's contribution to HPORS was 36.28 percent of the total compensation paid to HPORS members. Of the 36.28 percent, 10.18 percent comes from drivers' license fees and the remaining 26.10 percent from the highway account which is funded by gasoline and diesel fuel taxes. A portion of all revenue from drivers' license sales (16.7 percent for each license and 25 percent for duplicates) is required to be reserved for use in making payments to HPORS. Reserving more than 16.7 percent of drivers' license fees for use in paying HPORS contributions and paying 10.18 percent of total compensation of the members into HPORS results in either a rising or falling fund balance in the Special Revenue Fund. Fund balance rises if the reserved percent of drivers' license sales exceeds the amount required to be paid to HPORS (10.18 percent of total compensation of the members). Historically, amounts received from drivers' license sales have exceeded the amount required to be paid to HPORS resulting in the accumulation of cash and fund balance in the Special Revenue Fund. The following table shows the fund balance at fiscal year-end for the last nine years.

Table 1 <u>Accumulated Fund Balance in Highway Patrol Retirement</u> <u>Special Revenue Fund Account</u>

	Ending
	Fund
Fiscal Years	<u>Balance</u>
1988-89	\$514,280
1989-90	569,885
1990-91	715,037
1991-92	803,736
1992-93	200,373*
1993-94	374,615
1994-95	564,998
1995-96	681,757
1996-97	768,025

^{* \$750,000} transferred to the General Fund in fiscal year 1992-93.

Source: Compiled by the Legislative Audit Division from SBAS.

As shown above, during fiscal year 1992-93, the department was required to transfer \$750,000 of the increasing fund balance to the General Fund. By fiscal year-end 1996-97, the cash and fund balance had accumulated to \$768,025. The fiscal year 1995-96 and 1996-97 fund balances were affected by the change in driver's license renewals. Section 61-5-111, MCA, was amended by the 1995 Legislature to allow issuing of driver's licenses with eight year expiration dates. The fee for an eight year license is \$32, doubling the fees annually deposited to the HPORS Special Revenue Fund account until all licenses have been placed on an eight year renewal cycle.

This issue was discussed in the last two audit reports as a disclosure issue and was discussed in the two previous audit reports as a note to the financial schedules. This issue is again presented for disclosure purposes to allow the legislature an opportunity to consider this issue. We do not make a recommendation at this time.

Independent Auditor's Report& Agency Financial Schedules

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

Scott A. Seacat, Legislative Auditor John W. Northey, Legal Counsel Tori Hunthausen, IT & Operations Manager



Deputy Legislative Auditors: Jim Pellegrini, Performance Audit James Gillett, Financial-Compliance Audit

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the accompanying financial schedules of the Department of Justice for each of the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996 and 1997, as shown on pages A-5 through A-14. The information contained in these financial schedules is the responsibility of the department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial schedules based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the financial schedules. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial schedule presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in note 1, the financial schedules are presented on a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules are not intended to be a complete presentation and disclosure of the department's assets, liabilities, and cash flows.

In our opinion, the financial schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and changes in fund balances and property held in trust of the Department of Justice for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996 and 1997, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

"Signature on File"

James Gillett, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

September 5, 1997

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES & PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

FUND BALANCE: July 1, 1996 PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: July 1, 1996	General Fund \$ 2,118,705	Special Revenue Fund 399,556	\$ Enterprise Fund 0	Internal Service Fund \$ (90,448)	Expendable Trust Fund	* Agency Fund 0 4,065
ADDITIONS Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments Cash Transfers In (Out)	27,299,489 117,014 113,995 (9,596,263)	15,573,225 160,150 138,290 16,275,223 ²		731,616	23,944,136 48,399	
Direct Entries to Fund Balance Total Additions	121,124 18,055,359	10,643 32,157,531	0	731,616	23,992,535	0
REDUCTIONS Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments Total Reductions	17,983,013 29,038 (126,382) 17,885,669	29,722,367 6,405 (157,930) 29,570,842	0	795,795 2,529 712 799,036	23,926,543 (18,418) 23,908,125	0
FUND BALANCE: June 30, 1997 PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: June 30, 1997	\$1	\$ 2,986,245	\$0	\$(157,868)	\$84,410	\$ <u>0</u> \$ <u>4,065</u>

¹ See note 2 on page A-13. ² See note 4 on page A-13.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES & PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund	Expendable Trust Fund	Agency Fund
FUND BALANCE: July 1, 1995 PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: July 1, 1995	\$ 2,183,242 1	\$ 1,483,143	\$ (25,245)	\$ (26,312)	\$0	\$0
ADDITIONS						
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In	25,538,613	15,271,494		607,890		
Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In	32,218	70,254			23,128,762	
Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments	23,392	128,522			(278)	
Cash Transfers In (Out)	(8,795,134)	12,940,503 ²	25,245			
Direct Entries to Fund Balance		(111,626)				
Additions to Property Held in Trust						4,065
Total Additions	16,799,089	28,299,147	25,245	607,890	23,128,484	4,065
REDUCTIONS						
Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out	16,868,530	29,424,600		658,301		
Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out	10,000,000	4,766		6,090	23,128,484	
Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments	(4,904)	(46,632)		7,635	20,120,101	
Total Reductions	16,863,626	29,382,734		672,026	23,128,484	
Total Neductions	10,000,020	23,302,734		072,020	23,120,404	
FUND BALANCE: June 30, 1996	\$ 2,118,705 ¹	\$ 399,556	\$ 0	\$ (90,448)	\$ 0	\$ 0
PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: June 30, 1996	+	+	* ======	+	\$	4,065
					~	1,000

¹ See note 2 on page A-13. ² See note 4 on page A-13.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

		General Fund	S	pecial Revenue Fund		Internal Service Fund	E	xpendable Trust Fund		Total
TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN BY CLASS	-		_		-		_		_	
Licenses and Permits	\$	13,360,360	\$	4,209,897			\$	1,745,025	\$	19,315,282
Taxes		11,099,679		859				22,247,510		33,348,048
Charges for Services		2,536,614		1,029,455	\$	731,616				4,297,685
Investment Earnings				476						476
Fines and Forfeits		120,183		181,552						301,735
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		79,843								79,843
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property		211,005								211,005
Miscellaneous		93,774		159,610						253,384
Other Financing Sources		29,040		1,405,377						1,434,417
Federal				8,884,439						8,884,439
Total Revenues & Transfers-In	_	27,530,498		15,871,665	_	731,616	_	23,992,535		68,126,314
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		117,014		160,150				23,944,136		24,221,300
Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments	_	113,995		138,290			_	48,399	_	300,684
Actual Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		27,299,489		15,573,225		731,616		0		43,604,330
Estimated Revenues & Transfers-In	_	25,305,900		18,404,132	_	811,692			_	44,521,724
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated	\$ =	1,993,589	\$_	(2,830,907)	\$ =	(80,076)	\$ _	0	\$ ₌	(917,394)
BUDGETED REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN OVER (UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS										
Licenses and Permits	\$	581,343	\$	(1,452,242)					\$	(870,899)
Taxes		1,073,315		(4,141)						1,069,174
Charges for Services		216,841		(102,106)	\$	(80,076)				34,569
Investment Earnings				(1,124)						(1,124)
Fines and Forfeits		52,331		(74,258)						(21,927)
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		20,180								20,180
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property		44,379								44,379
Miscellaneous		5,200		(11,136)						(5,936)
Other Financing Sources				(3,229)						(3,229)
Federal			. —	(1,182,671)			. –		. –	(1,182,671)
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (under) Estimated	\$ _	1,993,589	\$	(2,830,907)	\$	(80,076)	\$_	0	\$_	(917,394)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

		General Fund	S	pecial Revenue Fund		Internal Service Fund	E	xpendable Trust Fund		Total
TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN BY CLASS	_		_		_		_		_	
Licenses and Permits	\$	12,370,173	\$	3,971,236			\$	1,768,027	\$	18,109,436
Taxes		10,736,472		151,918				21,360,736		32,249,126
Charges for Services		2,207,031		968,828	\$	607,890				3,783,749
Investment Earnings				1,014						1,014
Fines and Forfeits		39,641		203,769				(278)		243,132
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		33,973								33,973
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property		177,716								177,716
Miscellaneous		29,217		113,591						142,808
Other Financing Sources				1,832,673						1,832,673
Federal				8,227,241						8,227,241
Total Revenues & Transfers-In		25,594,223		15,470,270		607,890		23,128,485		64,800,868
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		32,218		70,254				23,128,763		23,231,235
Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments	_	23,392		128,522	_		_	(278)		151,636
Actual Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In		25,538,613		15,271,494		607,890		0		41,417,997
Estimated Revenues & Transfers-In	_	24,396,500		19,404,476	_	729,195	_			44,530,171
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated	\$ ₌	1,142,113	\$_	(4,132,982)	\$ =	(121,305)	\$ =	0	\$_	(3,112,174)
BUDGETED REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN OVER (UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS										
Licenses and Permits	\$	526,028	\$	(947,666)					\$	(421,638)
Taxes		666,089		(5,000)						661,089
Charges for Services		(92,778)		121,703	\$	(121,305)				(92,380)
Investment Earnings				(3,986)						(3,986)
Fines and Forfeits		32,859		(14,993)						17,866
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		12,230								12,230
Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property		(308)								(308)
Miscellaneous		(2,007)		28,107						26,100
Other Financing Sources				(693,803)						(693,803)
Federal			. —	(2,617,344)			. –		. –	(2,617,344)
Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (under) Estimated	\$ _	1,142,113	\$_	(4,132,982)	\$ _	(121,305)	\$ =	0	\$_	(3,112,174)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

PROGRAM EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY OBJECT	Justice System Support Service	Legal Services Division	Agency Legal Services	Gambling Control Division	Motor Vehicle Division	Highway Patrol Division	Law Enforcement Services Div	County Attorney Payroll	Law Enforcement Academy Div	Central Services Division	Computer Serv & Plan Division	Extradition & Transp Prisoners	Forensic Science <u>Division</u>	Total
Personal Services Salaries Hourly Wages Other Compensation Employee Benefits Personal Services-Other Total	\$ 595,710 1,350 146,809 743,869	\$ 1,791,993 0 403,076 2,195,069	\$ 518,380 120,848 9,918 649,146	\$ 1,359,217 2,003 381 350,834 1,712,435	\$ 3,025,683 68,687 0 882,806	\$ 7,715,240 1 3,481,184 11,196,425	\$ 1,912,154 75,962 0 540,235 2,528,351	\$ 1,196,421 195,142 1,391,563	\$ 324,684 75,793 400,477	\$ 312,588 79,414 392,002	\$ 786,115 194,481 980,596		\$ 847,737 193,885 1,041,622	\$ 20,385,922 146,652 1,732 6,664,507 9,918 27,208,731
Operating Expenses Other Senrices Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Utilities Repair & Maintenance Other Expenses Goods Purchased For Resale Total	142,294 38,619 34,117 51,481 31,436 4,357 10,638	882,059 51,054 62,430 59,847 78,237 20,725 62,575	73,254 7,720 11,308 7,509 25,949 3,733 12,142	92,092 59,697 105,419 45,389 136,169 99 42,745 15,283	1,480,729 164,470 527,644 76,591 286,531 22,321 124,664 31,492	1,486,347 748,700 162,957 451,477 155,687 13,653 391,971 98,725 400 3,509,917	587,248 163,898 121,457 119,120 119,663 797 91,026 144,605		204,951 100,467 19,716 77,289 2,602 55,434 64,589 12,904	26,067 5,428 8,864 2,791 17,556 1,455 1,477	536,975 21,628 44,465 11,387 30,647 16,157 24,694 12,090	\$ 60,671 60,671	51,506 168,145 24,265 33,418 72,994 13,603 257,523 29,483	5,563,522 1,529,826 1,122,642 996,970 957,471 122,064 1,027,482 431,414 400 11,751,791
Equipment & Intangible Assets Equipment Capital Lasses - Equipment Intangible Assets Total	10,847	41,457 2,617 44,074	(1,033)	74,003 1,659 309 75,971	141,275 9 141,284	1,455,143 5,568 1,460,711	226,861 7,700 234,561		17,354 9,240 26,594		67,228		297,447 12,100 1,156 310,703	2,330,582 30,699 9,659 2,370,940
Local Assistance From State Sources Total		31,433 31,433		23,999,184 23,999,184										24,030,617 24,030,617
Grants From State Sources From Federal Sources Total	809,608 5,040,394 5,850,002													809,608 5,040,394 5,850,002
Benefits & Claims To Individuals Total	755,099 755,099													755,099 755,099
Debt Service Bonds Leases Installment Purchases Total		2,052 2,052	796 796	59 59	114,353 114,353		14,795 1,969 16,764		7,973 6,532 14,505		33,170 33,170		14,793 14,793	7,973 14,795 173,724 196,492
Total Program Expenditures & Transfers-Out PROGRAM EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY FUND	\$7,672,759	\$3,489,555	\$ 790,524	\$ 26,284,542	\$ 6,947,255	\$16,167,053	\$ 4,127,490	\$ 1,391,563	\$ 979,528	\$ 455,640	\$1,779,037_	\$60,671	\$ 2,018,055	\$ 72,163,672
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Internal Service Fund Expendable Trust Fund Total Program Expenditures & Transfers-Out	\$ 2,019,169 5,653,590 7,672,759	\$ 2,084,445 1,405,110 3,489,555	\$ 790,524	\$ 470,167 1,906,250 23,908,125 26,284,542	\$ 5,835,595 1,111,660 	\$ 16,167,053	\$ 2,348,851 1,778,639 4,127,490	1,391,563	\$ 862,630 116,898 	\$ 185,090 262,038 8,512 455,640	\$ 1,198,251 580,786 1,779,037	\$ 60,671 	\$ 1,429,237 588,818 	\$ 17,885,669 29,570,842 799,036 23,908,125 72,163,672
Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments Actual Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out Budget Authority Unspent Budget Authority	(138,374) 7,811,133 9,128,498 1,317,365	4,745 12,379 3,472,431 6,099,168 2,626,737	2,529 712 787,283 811,692 \$ 24,409	23,928,205 (31,993) 2,388,330 2,401,472 \$ 13,142	(28,389) 6,975,644 6,988,522 12,878	(134,635) 16,301,688 16,895,731 \$ 594,043	7,700 8,686 4,111,104 4,448,477 \$ 337,373	4,091 1,387,472 1,391,363 \$ 3,891	9,240 12,770 957,518 984,865 27,347	\$\frac{(591)}{456,231} 673,929 \$\frac{217,698}{217,698}	\$ 5,017 1,774,020 2,150,205 \$ 376,185	(18,095) 78,766 156,017 \$ 77,251	12,100 6,405 1,999,550 2,138,033 \$ 138,483	23,964,519 (302,017) 48,501,170 54,267,972 5,766,802
UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND														
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Internal Service Fund Expendable Trust Fund	\$ 68,822 1,248,543	\$ 265,733 2,361,004	\$ 24,409	\$ 13,142	\$ 12,878	\$ 594,043	\$ 3,216 334,157	\$ 3,891	\$ 6,075 21,272	\$ 4,860 212,838	\$ 1,629 374,556	\$ 77,251	\$ 2,766 135,717	\$ 447,121 5,295,272 24,409 0
Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 1,317,365	\$ 2,626,737	\$ 24,409	\$ 13,142	\$ 12,878	\$594,043	\$ 337,373	\$ 3,891	\$ 27,347	\$ 217,698	\$ 376,185	\$ 77,251	\$138,483	\$ 5,766,802

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

PROGRAM EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY OBJECT	Justice System Support Service	Legal Services Division	Agency Legal Services	Gambling Control Division	Motor Vehicle Division	Highway Patrol Division	Law Enforcement Services Div	County Attorney Payroll	Law Enforcement Academy Div	Central Services Division	Computer Serv & Plan Division	Extradition & Transp Prisoners	Forensic Science Division	Total
Personal Services Salaries Hourly Wages Other Compensation Employee Benefits Personal Services-Other Total	\$ 548,853 1,550 137,704 688,107	\$ 1,575,127 402 362,738 	\$ 434,018 99,278 4,648 537,944	\$ 1,236,086 1,421 323,574 1,561,081	\$ 2,847,180 37,601 1 811,164 3,695,946	\$ 7,384,153 1 3,419,557 10,803,711	\$ 1,797,419 73,405 1 490,298	\$ 1,163,144 184,082 1,347,226	\$ 323,460 78,207 401,667	\$ 282,182 73,336 355,518	\$ 655,165 159,259 814,424		\$ 777,276 179,364 956,640	\$ 19,024,063 111,006 3,376 6,318,561 4,648 25,461,654
Operating Expenses Other Services Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Unities Heart Other & Maintenance Other Expenses Total	219,874 28,538 35,860 54,104 32,094 4,042 20,458 394,970	1,319,520 95,740 73,226 92,223 64,950 17,092 67,356 1,730,107	55,027 12,366 9,483 8,487 15,612 3,877 17,680	282,097 57,947 91,551 49,021 121,657 29,171 14,123 645,567	1,819,387 206,005 520,466 77,671 226,765 22,076 127,299 34,692 3,034,361	1,067,954 748,667 174,283 475,299 109,296 12,919 368,330 113,417 3,070,165	461,167 370,302 118,378 124,063 193,332 5,787 75,097 125,616 1,473,742		143,888 79,357 14,723 71,197 44,672 16,401 29,948 25,365 425,551	75,043 7,313 8,496 521 17,449 1,374 4,608	520,538 22,607 45,886 6,768 28,970 15,135 25,111 4,829 669,844	\$ 110,429 110,429	51,788 98,909 18,677 34,179 61,155 13,760 68,541 18,682 365,691	6,016,283 1,727,751 1,111,029 1,103,962 915,952 86,078 749,882 446,826 12,157,763
Equipment & Intangible Assets Equipment Intangible Assets Total	12,652	76,362 1,448 77,810	1,643	133,798 3,761 137,559	337,281 2,229 339,510	1,331,501 5,113 1,336,614	259,221 544 259,765		16,430	4,068 664 4,732	20,623 847 21,470	1,455	210,432	2,405,466 14,606 2,420,072
Local Assistance From State Sources Total		18,567 18,567		23,389,769 23,389,769										23,408,336 23,408,336
Grants From State Sources From Faderal Sources From Other Sources Total	792,696 4,850,197 (1,539) 5,641,354													792,696 4,850,197 (1,539) 5,641,354
Benefits & Claims To Individuals Total	581,901 581,901													581,901 581,901
Debt Service Leases Installment Purchases Total		2,096 2,096	775 775	1,933 1,933	143,596 143,596		189,194 707 189,901		4,320 4,320		33,170 33,170			189,194 186,597 375,791
Total Program Expenditures & Transfers-Out PROGRAM EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY FUND	\$7,318,984	\$3,766,847_	\$662,894	\$ 25,735,909	\$7,213,413_	\$15,210,490	\$ 4,284,531	\$1,347,226	\$847,968_	\$ 475,054	\$1,538,908	\$111,884	\$1,532,763	\$ 70,046,871
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Internal Service Fund Expendable Trust Fund Total Program Expenditures & Transfers-Out	\$ 2,057,016 5,261,968 7,318,984	\$ 1,845,147 1,921,700 3,766,847	\$ 662,894	\$ 359,774 2,247,650 23,128,485 25,735,909	\$ 6,010,580 1,202,833 	\$ 15,210,490	\$ 1,920,101 2,364,430 4,284,531	\$ 1,347,226 	\$ 825,631 22,337	\$ 169,002 296,920 9,132 475,054	\$ 1,035,081 503,827 	\$ 111,884	\$ 1,182,184 350,579 	\$ 16,863,626 29,382,734 672,026 23,128,485 70,046,871
Less: Norbudgated Expanditures & Transfers-Out Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments Actual Budgated penditures & Transfers-Out Budgat Authority Unspent Budget Authority	(42,430) 7,361,414 9,763,764 \$ 2,402,350	4,770 (26,724) 3,788,801 5,260,191 \$ 1,471,390	\$\frac{6,090}{7,642} \\ 649,162\\ 748,279\\ \\$\ 99,117	23,128,484 148,509 2,458,916 2,564,645 \$ 105,729	(7,579) 7,220,992 7,240,257 \$ 19,265	(147,705) 15,358,195 16,302,356 \$ 944,161	3,017 4,281,514 5,068,173 \$ 786,659	451 1,346,775 1,350,865 \$ 4,090	183 847,785 879,863 \$ 32,078	\$\frac{2,367}{472,687} 647,377 \$\frac{174,690}{174,690}	223 1,538,685 1,848,236 \$ 309,551	17,516 94,368 141,834 \$ 47,466	1,532,131 1,687,294 \$ 155,163	23,139,344 (43,898) 46,951,425 53,503,134 \$ 6,551,709
UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND														
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Internal Service Fund Expendable Trust Fund Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 138,966 2,263,384 \$ 2,402,350	\$ 464,767 1,006,623 \$ 1,471,390	\$ 99,117 \$ 99,117	\$ 96,644 9,085 \$ 105,729	\$ 19,055 210 \$ 19,265	\$ 944,161 \$ 944,161	\$ 30,065 756,594 \$ 786,659	\$ 4,090 \$ 4,090	\$ 2,546 29,532 \$ 32,078	\$ 3,409 171,200 81 \$ 174,690	\$ 4,409 305,142 \$ 309,551	\$ 47,466 \$ 47,466	\$ 121,462 33,701 \$ 155,163	\$ 932,879 5,519,632 99,198 \$ 6,551,709

Notes to the Financial Schedules

For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1997

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The department uses the modified accrual basis of accounting, as defined by state accounting policy, for its Governmental, Expendable Trust, and Agency Funds. In applying the modified accrual basis, the department records:

Revenues when it receives cash or when receipts are measurable and available to pay current period liabilities.

Expenditures for valid obligations when the department incurs the related liability and it is measurable, with the exception of the cost of employees' annual and sick leave. State accounting policy requires the department to record the cost of employees' annual leave and sick leave when used or paid.

The department uses accrual basis accounting for Proprietary Funds. Under the accrual basis, as defined by state accounting policy, the department records revenues in the accounting period earned when measurable and records expenses in the period incurred when measurable.

Expenditures and expenses may include: entire budgeted service contracts even though the department receives the services in a subsequent fiscal year; goods ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end, but not received as of fiscal year-end; and equipment ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end.

Basis of Presentation

The financial schedule format is in accordance with the policy of the Legislative Audit Committee. The financial schedules are prepared from the transactions posted to the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System (SBAS) without adjustment, except for Video Gambling Tax. For fiscal years 1995-96 and 1996-97 Gambling Fee and Tax Distribution is reclassified from an Agency Fund to an Expendable Trust Fund. The Expendable Trust Fund recognizes tax revenues are collected by the state and provided to local governments. Consequently, these schedules do not agree in all cases to final SBAS summary reports.

Notes to the Financial Schedules

Accounts are organized in funds according to state law. The department uses the following funds:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Department Special Revenue Funds include the account for Highway Patrol operations, the collection of gambling taxes, and federal financial assistance.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Fund - to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the legislature intends that the department finance or recover costs primarily through user charges; or (b) where the legislature has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred or net income is appropriate. Alcoholic beverage licensing and tobacco enforcement had been recorded in the department's Enterprise Fund. These investigative activities related to licensing and enforcement were transferred to the department from the Department of Revenue beginning in fiscal year 1993-94.

Internal Service Fund - to account for providing goods or services to other agencies or departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The department Internal Service Fund including the Agency Legal Services Bureau which provides legal services for other state agencies as requested. Agencies are billed for these services to cover the costs of providing legal assistance.

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds - to account for assets held by the state in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds. The department's fiduciary fund is the Gambling Fee and Tax Distribution Expendable Trust Fund which accounts for the accumulation of the video gambling tax for transfer to local governments.

2. General Fund Balance

Each agency does not have a separate General Fund since its only authority is to pay obligations from the statewide General Fund within its appropriation limits. The department's total assets placed in the fund exceed outstanding liabilities, resulting in positive ending General Fund balances for each of the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996 and June 30, 1997.

3. Natural Resource Damages

The department records state resources applied to a lawsuit with Arco in the Natural Resource Damages account. The subject of the suit is the pollution of the upper Clark Fork drainage by mining and smelting wastes. As of fiscal year-end 1996-97, the state has expended \$9,816,206 pursuing a court decision. The suit is funded with coal severance tax moneys loaned through the state's Board of Investments from the Coal Tax Trust Fund. The coal tax moneys are recorded as loan proceeds to the department. The department has an obligation to repay the loan from the amount awarded by the court.

The 1997 Legislature passed House Bill 110 to commit \$2,500,000 of additional state funds to continue the suit.

4. Cash Transfers

The operations of the Montana Highway Patrol are funded from gasoline and diesel fuel tax receipts. During the audit period the money was collected by the Department of Transportation and recorded as revenue to the state at the time of collection. To avoid duplicate recording of the same revenue on the state's accounting records, the state's accounting system records the funds transferred to the Department of Justice as a cash transfer. Total cash transfers for the Highway Patrol account were \$15,082,801 in fiscal year 1995-96 and \$15,315,614 in fiscal year 1996-97. These amounts account for the majority of the cash transfers shown in the Schedule of Changes in Fund Balances & Property Held in Trust for each of the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1997.

Notes to the Financial Schedules

5. Litigation

The department is involved in the following litigation: <u>Crow Tribe v. Racicot</u>. This action presently involves a claim alleging that the state improperly terminated a compact entered into under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act. The plaintiffs seek an unspecified amount of damages and attorney's fees. The case has been pending on cross-motions for summary judgement since August 1996.

Agency Response

ATTORNEY GENERAL STATE OF MONTANA

Joseph P. Mazurek Attorney General



Department of Justice 215 North Sanders PO Box 201401 Helena, MT 59620-1401

November 17, 1997

unv | 8 1997

Mr. Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor Legislative Audit Division State Capitol Building Helena, MT 59620

Dear Scott:

The staff of the Department of Justice wish to express their appreciation for the manner in which your staff conducted the Financial Compliance Audit. They were very conscientious of our workload requirements and caused minimal disruption to staff.

The Board of Crime Control had no recommendations addressed to their division, so they have no written response. Following are the responses of the Department of Justice to the audit recommendations presented in your audit report covering fiscal years 1996 and 1997.

RECOMMENDATION #1

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT IMPLEMENT ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES TO ENSURE TIMELY DEPOSITS OF VIDEO GAMBLING TAXES IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE LAW.

The Department concurs. Steps taken by the Gambling Control Division to address the problem include depositing early filings as received, devoting additional staff and authorizing compensatory time during heavy filing periods. The division will also explore the use of Department of Revenue's upcoming Revenue and Information Processing Center when it becomes operational in FY1999.

RECOMMENDATION #2

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT ESTABLISH PROCEDURES TO PROPERLY RECORD DONATIONS TO THE MONTANA LAW ENFORCEMENT ACADEMY ON THE STATE'S ACCOUNTING RECORDS.

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The Department concurs. The Academy will strive to inform donors to properly identify the foundation as the payee when donations are made to the Joe May Memorial Fund.

RECOMMENDATION #3

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT RECORD REVENUE ON ITS FINANCIAL RECORDS WHEN IT RECEIVES REIMBURSEMENT FOR HIGHWAY PATROL COSTS AS REQUIRED BY STATE ACCOUNTING POLICY.

The Department concurs. The Department of Justice followed procedures established by the Disaster and Emergency Services Division of the Department of Military Affairs. These procedures required all disaster expenditures to be recorded on the Department of Military Affairs' accounting records and directed the participating agency to abate expenditures. These procedures were changed in FY1997 and now direct the participating agency to request a statutory general fund appropriation for any future disasters that require law enforcement support.

RECOMMENDATION #4

WE RECOMMEND THE DEPARTMENT ADOPT RULES FOR MAIL-IN VEHICLE RE-REGISTRATION AND DECAL APPLICATION AS REQUIRED BY LAW OR SEEK LEGISLATION TO AMEND THE LAW.

The Department concurs. The Motor Vehicle Division will adopt rules.

Sincerely yours,

JOSEPH P. MAZUREK

Attorney General